

1. When the Apostle Paul entered Corinth, he came with an attitude of _____.
2. The couple who joined Paul for effective ministry in Corinth were _____ and _____.
3. To “corinthinize” was to _____.
4. Incantations and occult books of spells were sometimes called _____.
5. The purpose of Paul’s last trip to Jerusalem was to deliver _____.
6. A powerful preacher and apologist who was associated with the church at Corinth was _____.
7. Paul’s teaching on the second coming of Christ is always connected to the _____ motive.
8. Paul went to Corinth alone because he had sent Timothy back to encourage the believers in _____.
9. The disciples of John who had not yet even heard of the Holy Spirit were in _____.
10. The Christians who believe in a secret rapture hold to a view known as _____.

1. When the Apostle Paul entered Corinth, he came with an attitude of weakness and fear.

2. The couple who joined Paul for effective ministry in Corinth were Aquila and Priscilla.

3. To “corinthinize” was to fornicate.

4. Incantations and occult books of spells were sometimes called Ephesian letters.

5. The purpose of Paul’s last trip to Jerusalem was to deliver the offering from the Gentile churches to the church in Jerusalem.

6. A powerful preacher and apologist who was associated with the church at Corinth was Apollos.

7. Paul’s teaching on the second coming of Christ is always connected to the “holiness” motive.

8. Paul went to Corinth alone because he had sent Timothy back to encourage the believers in Thessalonica.

9. The disciples of John who had not yet even heard of the Holy Spirit were in Ephesus.

10. The Christians who believe in a secret rapture hold to a view known as pre-tribulational rapture.